Sample questions similar to the final exam Dr. rer. nat. Christian P. Jäh Loughborough University

Question 1 Let the function

$$f_a(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x^2 - a^2}$$

be given and $a \in \mathbb{R}_{>2}$ a parameter.

- (a) Find the natural domain of f_a , the zeros, and determine the symmetry type.
- (b) Find points of discontinuity and classify them.
- (c) Find the monotonicity intervals of f_a and determine the position and type of the local extrema of f_a .

Remark 1 Do the same as in Question 1 again for the function

$$f_a(x) = \frac{9 - x^2}{x^2 - a^2}$$

with $a \in \mathbb{R}_{>3}$.

Question 2 Solve the following questions. Justify your answers; calculations must be complete in the sense that one¹ must understand the reasoning.

- (a) Find a simple example of a function with three inflexion points.
- (b) Find an example for a 1-periodic function.
- (c) Let the function

$$f(x) = (1 + ax)e^{-ax}$$

be given.

- (i) Find the coordinates² of the local extrema of f and determine their nature.
- (ii) Investigate the monotonicity behavior of f.

 $^{^{1}\}ensuremath{\text{and}}$ can see that you know what you are doing

²The word coordinates implies that we are looking for x_0 as well as $f(x_0)$.

Question 3 Consider the function

$$f(x,y) = \frac{x^2 - 1}{y}.$$

Answer the following questions, justify your answers.

- (a) Find the natural domain of f.
- (b) Sketch the domain on which $f(x, y) \ge 0$.
- (c) Compute the level curves for c = -1 and c = 1 and put them in your sketch.

Question 4 Let the function

$$f(x,y) = \ln(2x) - xy + 3y + \frac{2}{y}$$

be give.

- (a) Find and sketch the natural domain of f.
- (b) Compute the directional derivative in direction

$$a = \frac{1}{5} \begin{bmatrix} 4\\ -3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(c) Investigate f for stationary points and determine their nature.

Question 5 Consider

$$f(x,y) = e^{-xy} + x^3 - y^2$$

and let $x_0 = (1,0)$ be given.

- (a) Compute the slope of f in the direction of $a = \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}, -\frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}\right)$ and in the direction of $\nabla f(x_0)$.
- (b) Find the equation of the tangential plane in x_0 on the graph of f.
- (c) Compute the slope of the level curve f(x, y) = 0 in the intersection points with the y-axis.